

OPC UA Configuration Manager

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OPC UA Configuration Manager

Help version 1.031

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Overview

OPC Unified Architecture (UA) is an open standard created by the OPC Foundation with help from dozens of member organizations. Although UA intends to provide a platform independent interoperability standard (in order to move away from Microsoft COM) it is not a replacement for OPC Data Access (DA) technologies. For most industrial applications, UA will complement or enhance an existing DA architecture. It will not be a system-wide replacement. OPC UA complements OPC DA infrastructures in the following ways:

- It offers a secure method of client-to-server connectivity without depending on Microsoft DCOM and has the ability to connect securely through firewalls and over VPN connections. For users connecting to remote computers within the corporate network (inside the firewall) on a domain, an OPC DA and DCOM connection may be satisfactory.
- It provides an additional way to share factory floor data to business systems (shop-floor to top-floor). OPC UA can aggregate data from multiple OPC DA sources into non-industrial systems.

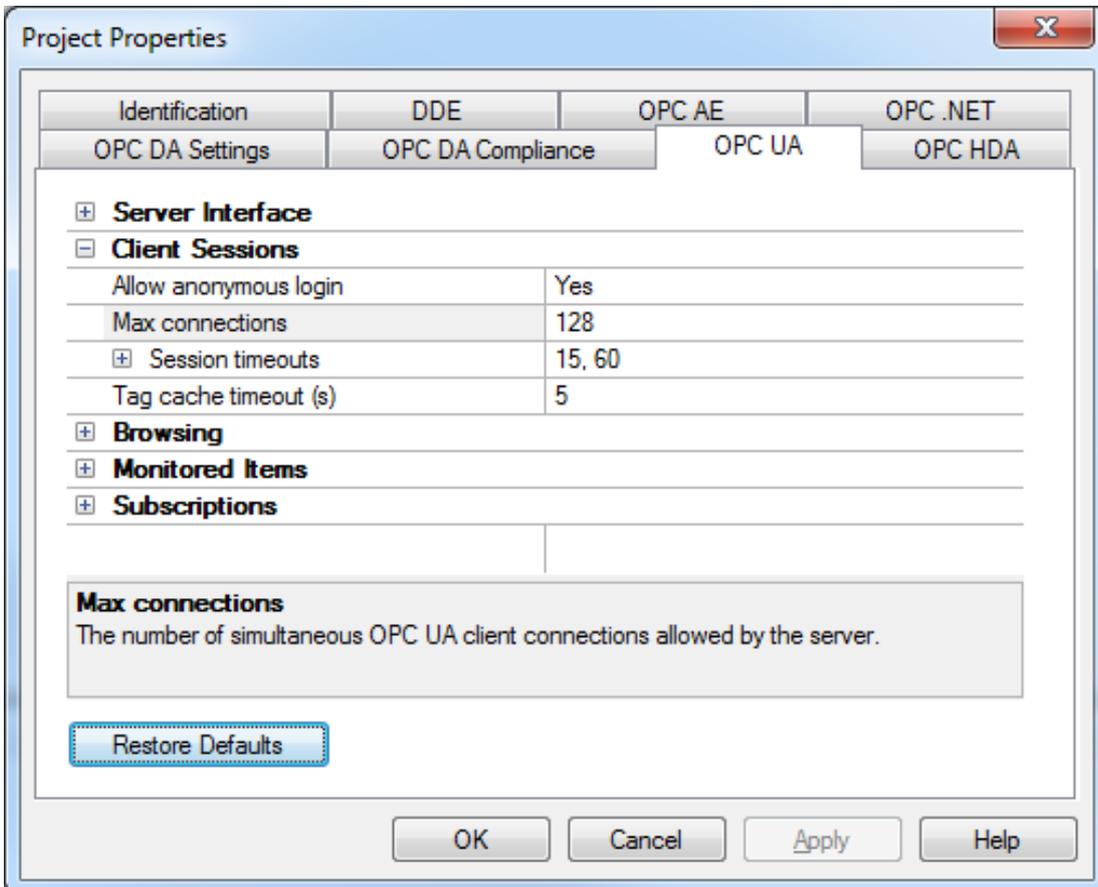
For the majority of user applications, the most relevant components of the UA standard are as follows:

- Secure connections through trusted certificates for client and server endpoints.
- Robust item subscription model to provide efficient data updates between clients and servers.
- An enhanced method of discovering available information from participating UA servers.

Server Settings

The Server Settings dialog may be accessed through the Configuration by clicking **File | Project Properties** and then selecting the **OPC UA** tab.

Note: To change a setting, click in the specific parameter's second column. This will invoke a drop-down menu that displays the options available.



Server Interface

Descriptions of the parameters are as follows:

- **Enable:** When enabled, the UA server interface will be initialized and accept client connections. When disabled, the remaining parameters on this page will also be disabled.
- **Log Diagnostics:** When enabled, OPC UA stack diagnostics will be logged to the Event Log. This should only be enabled for debugging purposes.

Client Sessions

Descriptions of the parameters are as follows:

1. **Allow Anonymous Login:** When disabled, this parameter specifies that user name and password information will be required to establish a connection. The default setting is enabled.

Note: If this setting is disabled, users cannot login as the Default User in the User Manager. Users can login as the Administrator provided that a password is set in the User Manager and is used to login.

2. **Maximum Connections:** This parameter specifies the limit of supported connections. The valid range is 1 to 128. The default setting is 128.
3. **Session Timeouts:** This parameter specifies the UA client's timeout limit for establishing a session. Values may be changed depending on the needs of the application. The default values are 15 to 60.
 - **Minimum:** This parameter specifies the UA client's minimum timeout limit. The default setting is 15 seconds.
 - **Maximum:** This parameter specifies the UA client's maximum timeout limit. The default setting is 60 seconds.
4. **Tag cache timeout:** This parameter specifies the tag cache timeout. The valid range is 0 to 60 seconds. The default setting is 5 seconds.

Note: This timeout controls how long a tag will be cached after a UA client is done using it. In cases where UA clients Read/Write to unregistered tags at a set interval, users can improve performance by increasing the timeout. For example, if a client is reading an unregistered tag every 5 seconds, the tag cache timeout should be set to 6 seconds. Since the tag will not have to be recreated during each client request, performance will improve.

Browsing

Descriptions of the parameters are as follows:

1. **Return Tag Properties:** When enabled, this parameter allows UA client applications to browse the tag properties available for each tag in the address space. This setting is disabled by default.
2. **Return Address Hints:** When enabled, this parameter allows UA client applications to browse the address formatting hints available for each item. Although the hints are not valid UA tags, certain UA client applications may try to add them to the tag database. When this occurs, the client will receive an error from the server. This may cause the client to report errors or stop adding the tags automatically. To prevent this from occurring, make sure that this parameter is disabled. This setting is disabled by default.

Advanced Settings

Advanced Settings are stored in the settings.ini file. Although this file may be edited, it is recommended that the default settings be used for most applications.

Name	Description	Default Value	Minimum Value	Maximum Value
MaxAlloc	Maximum serializer memory allocation.	4MB	128K	8MB
MaxStringLength	Maximum string length.	64K	16K	1MB
MaxByteStringLength	Maximum byte string length.	1MB	16K	2MB
MaxArrayLength	Maximum array length.	64K	16K	1MB
MaxMessageSize	Maximum message size.	4MB	128K	8MB

OPC UA Configuration Manager

The OPC UA Configuration Manager assists users in administering the UA server configuration settings. OPC UA's security requires that all endpoints participating in UA communication do so over a secure connection. To comply with this security requirement, each UA server instance and UA client instance must provide a trusted certificate to identify itself. These certificates may be self-signed. As such, they must be added to a local trusted certificate store on both the server and client nodes by a user with Administrator privileges before any secure UA client/server connections may be attempted. The UA Configuration Manager is a user-friendly interface through which the certificate exchange may be performed.

For more information on a specific OPC UA Configuration Manager tab, select a link from the list below.

[Server Endpoints](#)

[Trusted Clients](#)

[Discovery Servers](#)

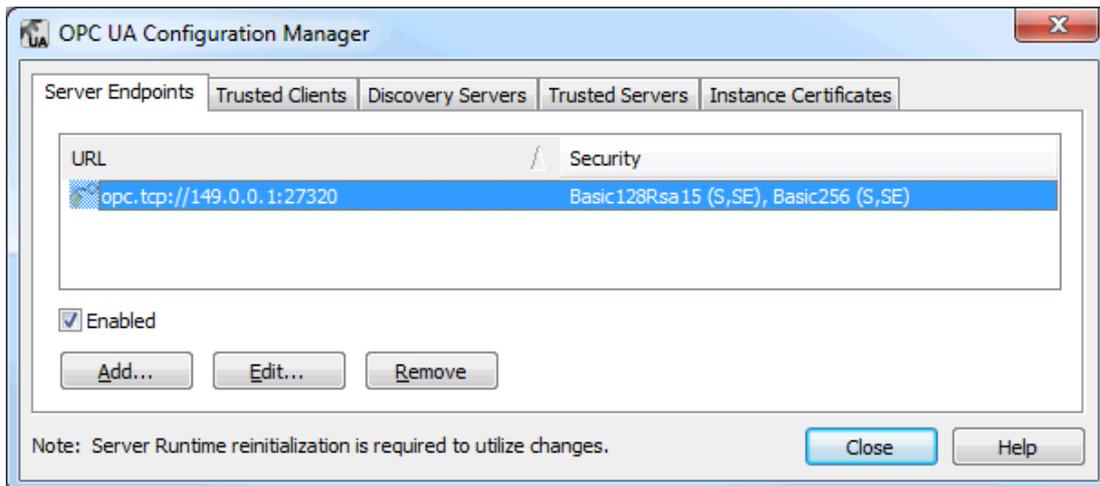
[Trusted Servers](#)

[Instance Certificates](#)

Server Endpoints

Server Endpoint definitions are required by the OPC UA server in order to create a UA interface with which UA clients can communicate. UA server endpoints are defined as Universal Resource Locators (URLs) and identify the specific instance of a server, transport type, and the security with which it communicates. A server endpoint consists of one URL and one security policy type. A maximum of 100 server endpoints are allowed in the project. The Server Endpoints tab may display multiple server endpoints on one line.

Note: Each defined endpoint is enabled by default, but users may disable it if desired. The application of a state change to the running server requires re-initialization of the UA server's Runtime.



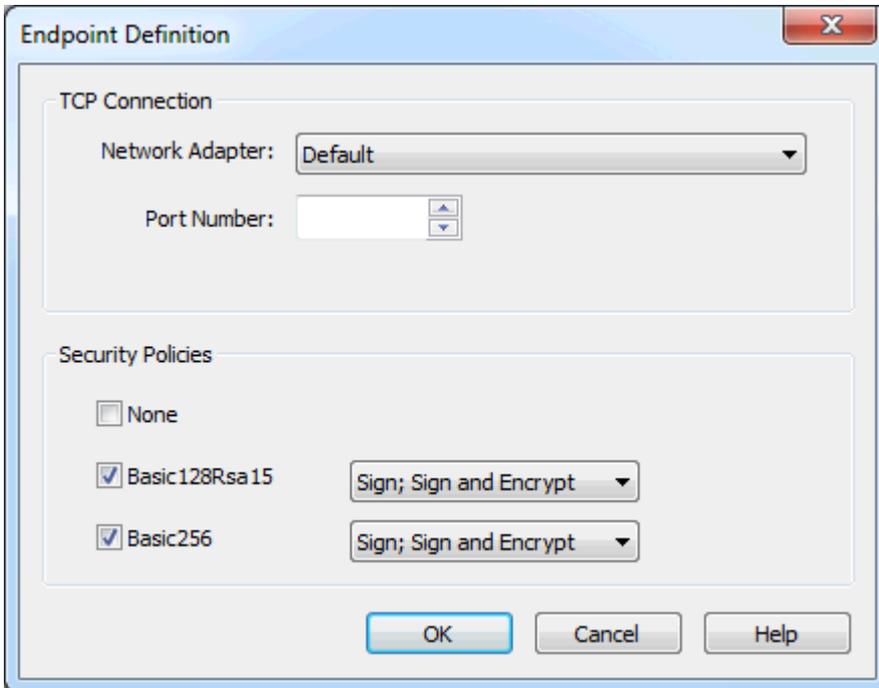
Note: All endpoints within the server instance share the same instance certificate. The UA server uses self-signed certificates: users with administrative privileges must manually place a copy of the UA server's certificate into the trusted store for each UA client that wishes to connect to the UA server.

Important: In compliance with OPC UA requirements, a server implementing the Standard UA Server Profile must support user name/password login. This UA server will support user information validation on a per

server instance basis (instead of per endpoint). Recognized users will come from the User Manager feature within the Server Administration, which is located in the System Tray.

Endpoint Definition

To access the Endpoint Definition dialog, click **Add...** or **Edit...** in the Server Endpoint tab.



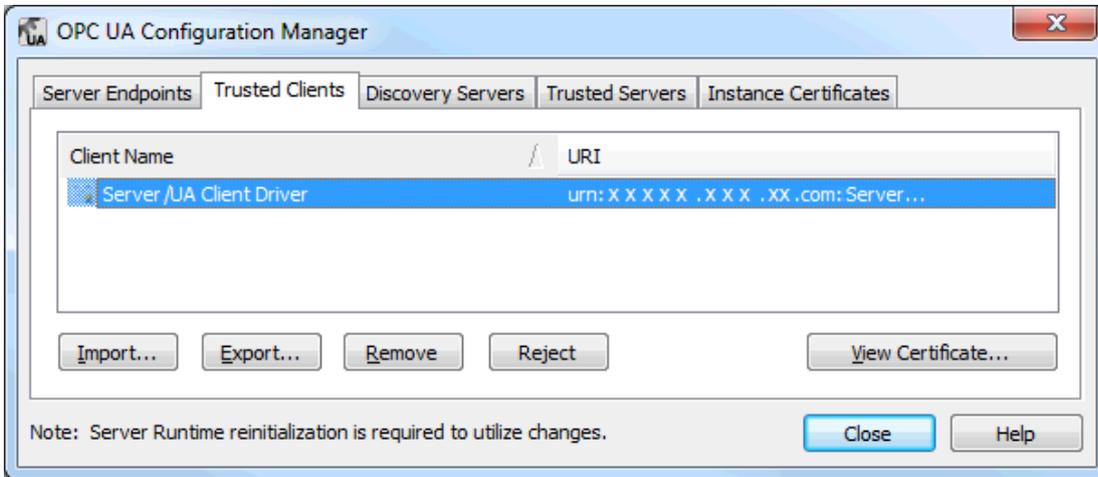
Description of the parameters are as follows:

- **Network Adapter:** This parameter specifies the network adapter to which the connection will be bound. It may be configured to available adapters with IP addresses, Default and Local host only. The initial selection is Default, which maps to the default network adapter.
- **Port Number:** This parameter specifies the port number. This is required in the definition because the remainder of the URL that is constructed to define the endpoint is standardized on the host name of the computer and the transport protocol. All endpoint URLs defined by this dialog will be of the form *opc.tcp://<hostname>:<port>*. In the event that a fully qualified host name cannot be determined, either the local host or an IP address will be substituted.
- **Security Policies:** The Security Policy drop-down lists may only be accessed when the corresponding checkbox is checked. If both Basic 128 RSA 15 and Basic 256 are not checked, the security policy assumption will default to None.

Note: The None and Basic 128 RSA 15 security policies are required to support the Standard UA Server profile as defined by the OPC UA Specification, part 7. Basic 256 is provided to implement the highest supported level of security.

Trusted Clients

UA servers require a certificate to establish a trusted connection with each UA client. In order for the server to accept connections from a client that provides a self-signed certificate, the client's certificate must be imported into the trusted client certificate store used by the OPC UA server interface. To facilitate this function, the UA Configuration Manager has the ability to import, remove and view trusted client certificates.

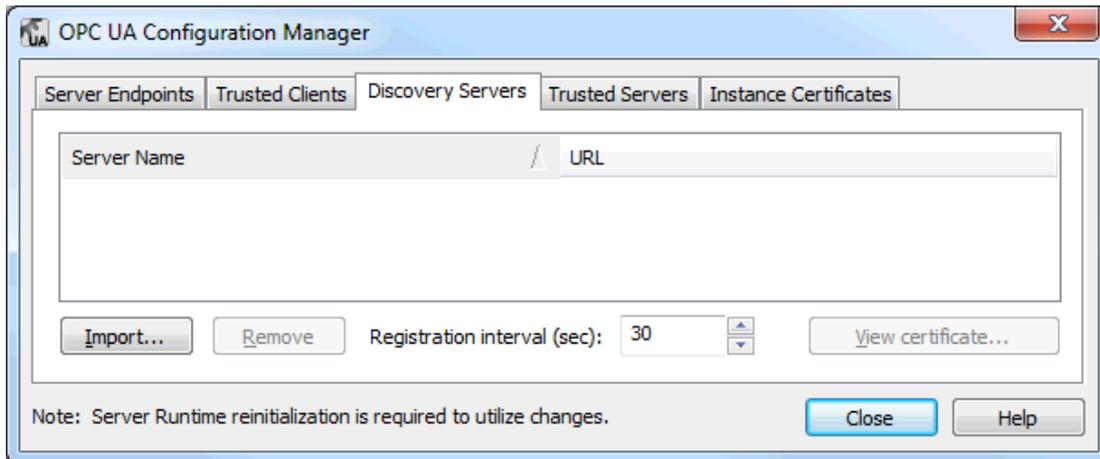


Descriptions of the parameters are as follows:

- **Import:** When clicked, this button imports a client certificate to trust.
- **Export:** When clicked, this button exports a trusted client certificate to a desired location.
- **Remove:** When clicked, this button removes trust from the client certificate. It also removes the certificate from the list of Trusted Clients.
- **Reject:** When clicked, this dynamic button removes trust from a client certificate (but keeps it in the list of Trusted Clients).
- **Trust:** When clicked, this dynamic button trusts a client certificate.
- **View Certificate:** When clicked, this button invokes a view of the client certificate's information.

Discovery Servers

Any OPC UA server may register with a UA Discovery Server in order to make its endpoint information available to clients with access. In order to perform this registration, the UA server interface must know what endpoint or endpoints to use. A Discovery Server with a self-signed certificate must be obtained and stored in the UA server's trusted certificate store. Likewise, the UA server's certificate must be obtained and stored in the UA Discovery Server's trusted certificate store. The UA Configuration Manager provides the ability to import, remove and view trusted Discovery Server endpoints that will be identified to the UA server interface.

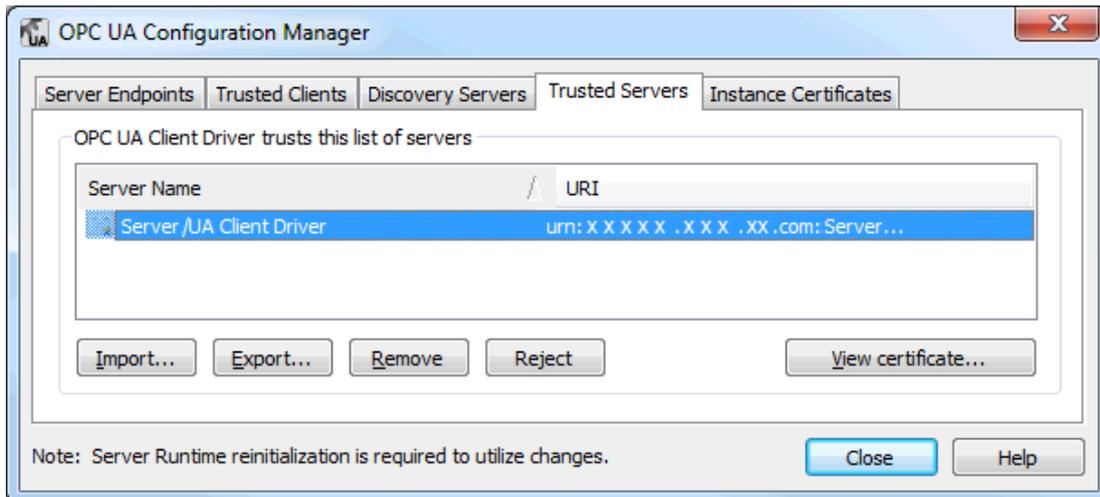


Note: Users may change the registration interval that will be used to refresh the Discovery Server through the **Registration Interval (sec)** parameter. The default setting is 30 seconds.

Trusted Servers

The Trusted Servers tab will only be displayed if the UA Client Driver is installed on the computer. This dialog is used to establish the list of trusted servers with which the UA Client Driver can communicate.

Note: The UA Client Driver requires trusted certificate management for clients that self-sign, just like the UA server. In order for the UA Client Driver to connect to a server that uses a self-signed certificate, users with administrative privileges must import the external UA server's certificate into the UA Client Driver's trusted certificate store. Because the client driver self-signs its certificate, that certificate must be exported and stored to the server's trusted certificate store.



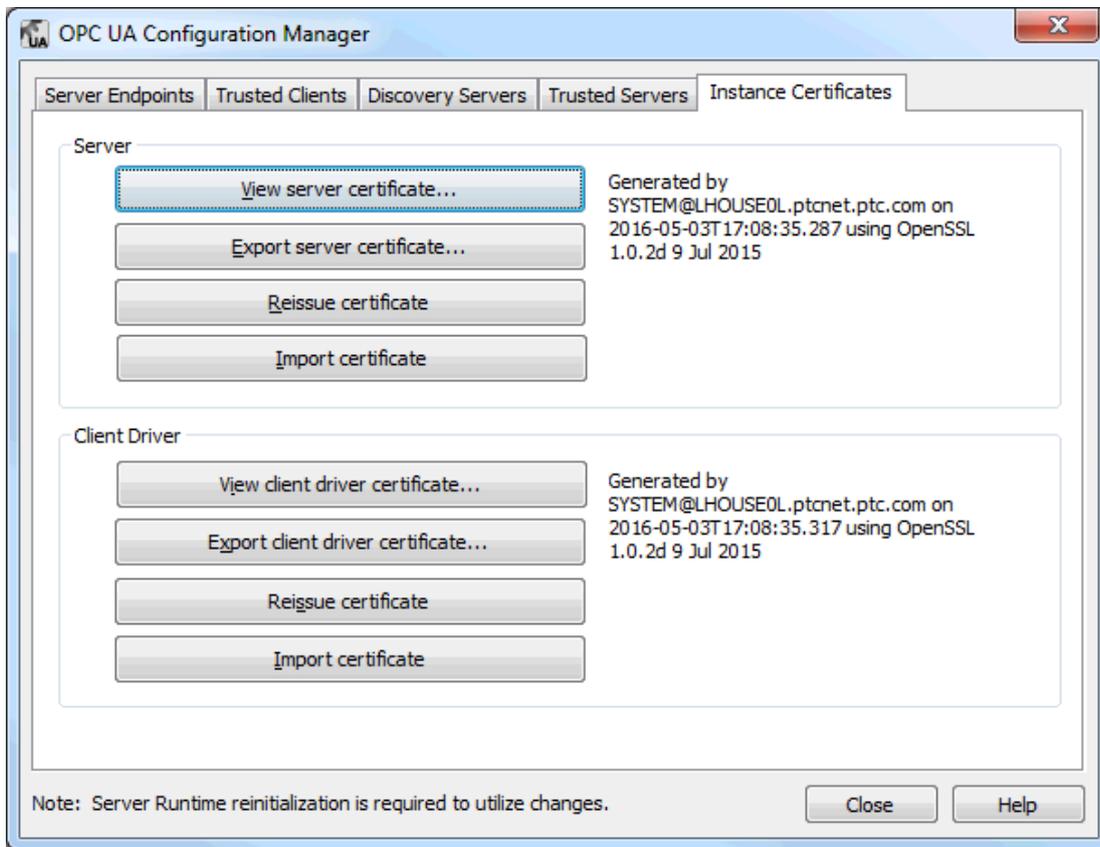
Descriptions of the parameters are as follows:

- **Import:** When clicked, this button imports a server certificate to trust.
- **Export:** When clicked, this button exports a trusted server certificate to a desired location.
- **Remove:** When clicked, this button removes trust from the server certificate. It also removes the certificate from the list of Trusted Servers.
- **Reject:** When clicked, this dynamic button removes trust from a server certificate (but keeps it in the list of Trusted Servers).
- **Trust:** When clicked, this dynamic button trusts a server certificate.
- **View Certificate:** When clicked, this button invokes a view of the server certificate's information.

Note: For instructions on exchanging certificates between the UA Client driver and the UA server, refer to [Manual Exchange](#).

Instance Certificates

The self-signed X.509 Instance Certificates are created for the UA Server and the UA Client Driver. They may be accessed through the Instance Certificates tab as shown below.



Descriptions of the parameters are as follows:

- **View server/client driver certificate:** When clicked, this button invokes the server/client driver's certificate. The dialog contains both general and detailed certificate information, in addition to the certification path. For more information, refer to [Certificate Display](#).
- **Export server/client driver certificate:** When clicked, this button exports the server/client driver's certificate to a desired location.
- **Reissue certificate:** When clicked, this button reissues the server/client driver's certificate. Doing so will invalidate any existing trust relationships.
- **Import certificate:** When clicked, this button imports a certificate. Imported server and client certificates must be in PKCS12 format (which is a .pfx extension). They must contain both the instance certificate and the private key, and may be password protected.

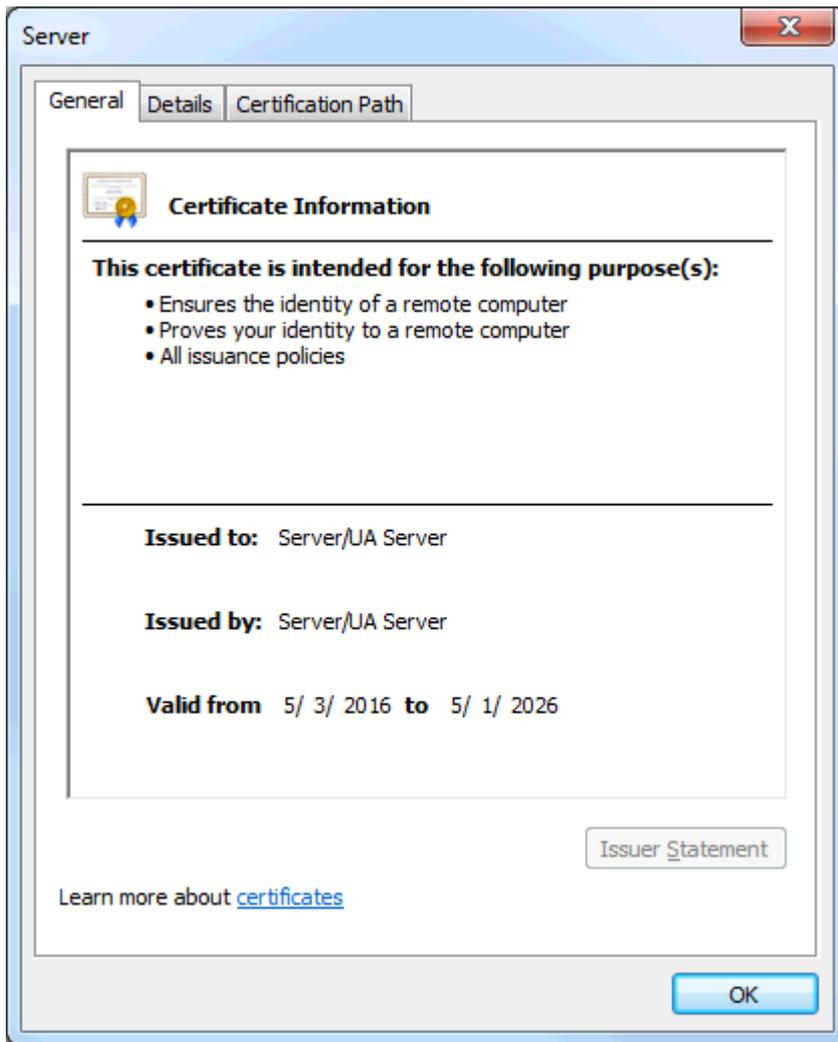
Default Certificate File Names

The default names assigned to the certificate files are as follows:

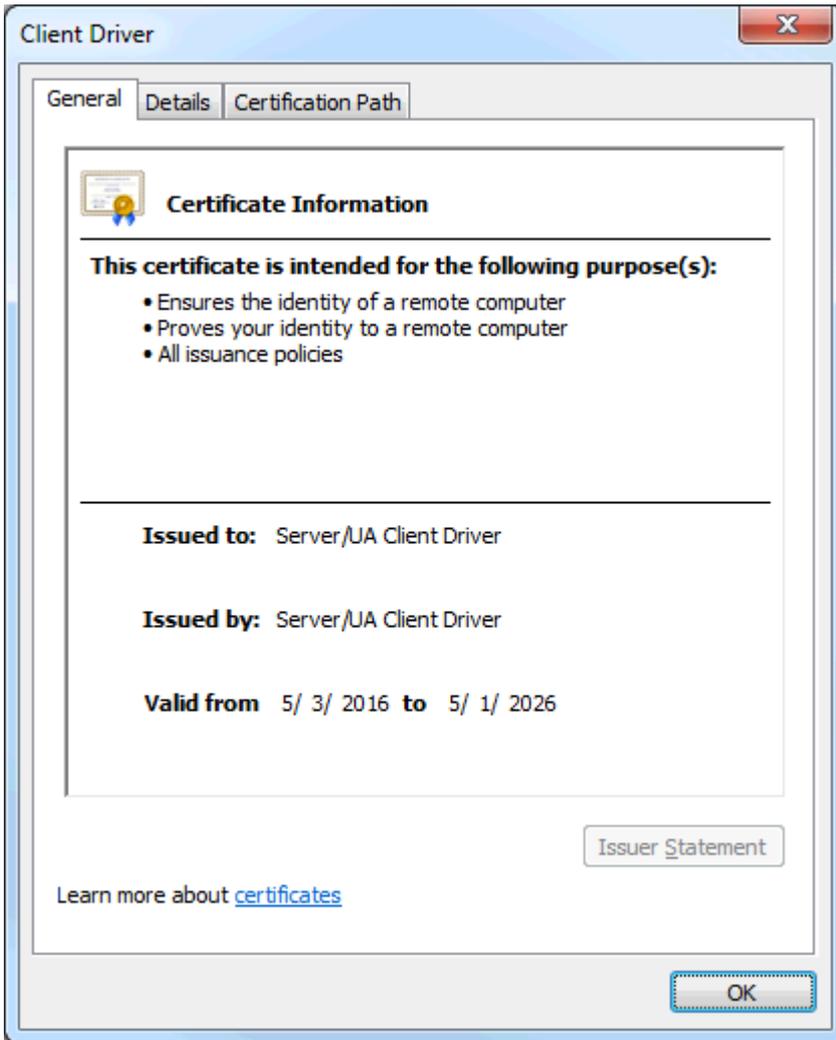
- <product name>_ua_server.der
- <product name>_ua_client_driver.der

Certificate Display

When viewing the server certificate, the dialog should appear as shown below.

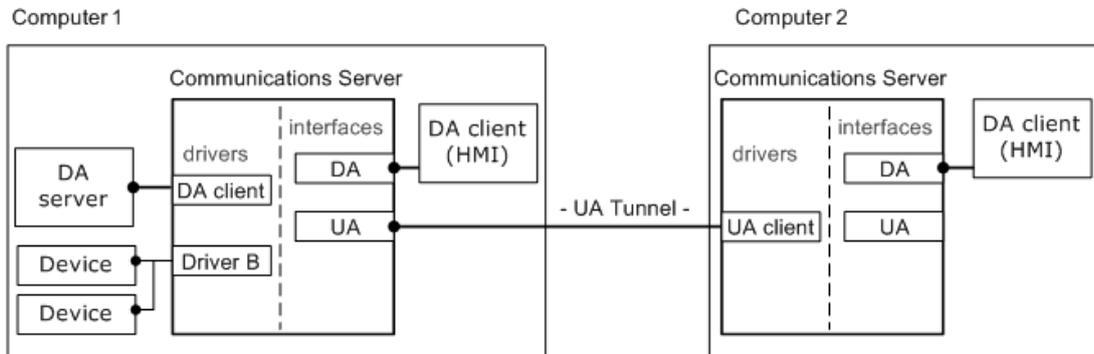


When viewing the client driver certificate, the dialog should appear as shown below.



OPC UA Tutorial

This tutorial provides instructions on configuring a secure OPC UA connection between two remote computers running the communications server.



The following Runtime components are required:

- The communications server with UA server interface on Computer 1.
- The communications server with UA Client Driver on Computer 2.

Note:The OPC DA Client Driver (shown in the image above as Computer 1) is an optional component used to connect to external OPC DA servers.

Prerequisites

Before continuing, users must do the following:

1. Install the server application on the client computer. In the **Select Features** dialog, include the OPC UA Client Driver (located beneath **Communication Drivers**).
2. Install the server application on the server computer. Since UA functionality is included, no additional features need to be selected during the install.

Note: Certain user applications may require that each computer act as a server as well as a client. If so, install the OPC UA Client Driver on each computer that needs to access items remotely.

Security

Instead of relying on the computer's operating system to secure the applications, OPC UA uses X.509 authentication technology. This technology consists of a set of public and private keys for each entity wishing to establish a trust. The private key is protected while the public key is placed into a certificate for distribution. The client and server must exchange certificates in order to establish a secure connection. This exchange only has to be done once in the certificate's lifetime.

The manual exchange includes the export and import of a certificate file on each computer. Removable media (or another form of file transfer) must be used in order for the exchange to take place. The manual process also allows for certificates to be exchanged between clients and servers that are beyond the scope of this application.

If security is not compulsory, the certificate exchange can be skipped. The level of security is set by users when defining the server endpoints. When "None" is selected, certificates will not be checked for validation.

For more information on insecure connections, refer to [Setting up the Server](#).

Exchange

1. To start, launch the OPC UA Configuration Manager on the server computer by right-clicking on the **Administration** icon in the System Tray. Then, select **OPC UA Configuration**.
2. Next, select **Instance Certificate**. Under the **Server** group, click **Export Server Certificate**. Select an easily accessible location for the certificate file. Users may change the default file name as desired.
3. Manually copy the server certificate file from the server computer and move it onto the client computer.
4. Next, launch the OPC UA Configuration Manager on the client computer.
5. Select the **Trusted Servers** tab and then click **Import**.
6. Locate the server certificate file and then click **Open**. The server certificate should appear in the **Trusted Servers** window and can be identified by the URI.
7. Next, select **Instance Certificate**. Under the **Client Driver** group, select **Export Client Driver Certificate**. Select an easily accessible location for the certificate file. Users may change the default file name as desired.
8. Manually copy the client certificate file from the client computer and return it to the server computer.
9. Next, launch the OPC UA Configuration Manager on the client computer.
10. Select the **Trusted Clients** tab and then click **Import**.
11. Locate the client certificate file and then click **Open**. The client certificate should appear in the **Trusted Clients** window and can be identified by the URI.

Setting Up the Server

Endpoints

In order for an OPC UA client to connect to an OPC UA server, the client must know the server location and security requirements. In its complex form, the client will use a location and port number (called a discovery endpoint) to discover information about the server. In turn, the server will return all configured endpoints along with the security requirements that are available to the client. To simplify the process, the discovery endpoint and the server endpoint may reside in the same location (as is the case with this server application).

An initial endpoint is created during the server application installation for local connections. Minor configuration changes are required in order to allow remote clients to discover and connect to the server. The server does not require any changes to make local connections. For information on adding and changing the existing endpoints, follow the instructions below.

1. To start, launch the OPC UA Configuration Manager by right-clicking on the **Administration** icon in the System Tray. Then, select **OPC UA Configuration**.
2. Next, click **Server Endpoints** and then select the default endpoint that was created during the install for non-local connections.
3. Click **Edit**.

Note: Be sure to note the port number so that it can be added to the firewall later.

4. If necessary, modify the **Security Policies** settings. Since these are server settings, this particular endpoint will allow all connections with the enabled policies. This means that the default endpoint will

only allow secure connections using signing and encryption. If security is not required, select "None." Users making this selection may want to disable the security policies completely.

5. Once the policies have been adjusted accordingly, click **OK**.
6. To enable the endpoint, select it in the list and then check **Enable**.
7. Next, apply the changes to the server Runtime by right-clicking on the **Administration** icon in the System Tray and then selecting **Reinitialize**. If the server is not running, right-click on the **Administration** icon and then select **Start Runtime**.

Discovery Service (Optional)

Users familiar with OPC DA may be familiar with OPCEnum, an application that runs locally on the serving computer and exposes available OPC DA servers to the clients connecting remotely. The client only needs to know the serving computer's location on the network.

A service was created that allows OPC UA servers to be discovered at a "well-known" location, in order to provide similar usability while being platform independent. Called **Local Discovery Service (LDS)**, this service is expected to be installed on every computer that is running an OPC UA server (in the same way that OPCEnum is installed alongside most classic OPC servers). Since the development and implementation of LDS has not come as far as OPC UA itself, the actual usage of the service will vary.

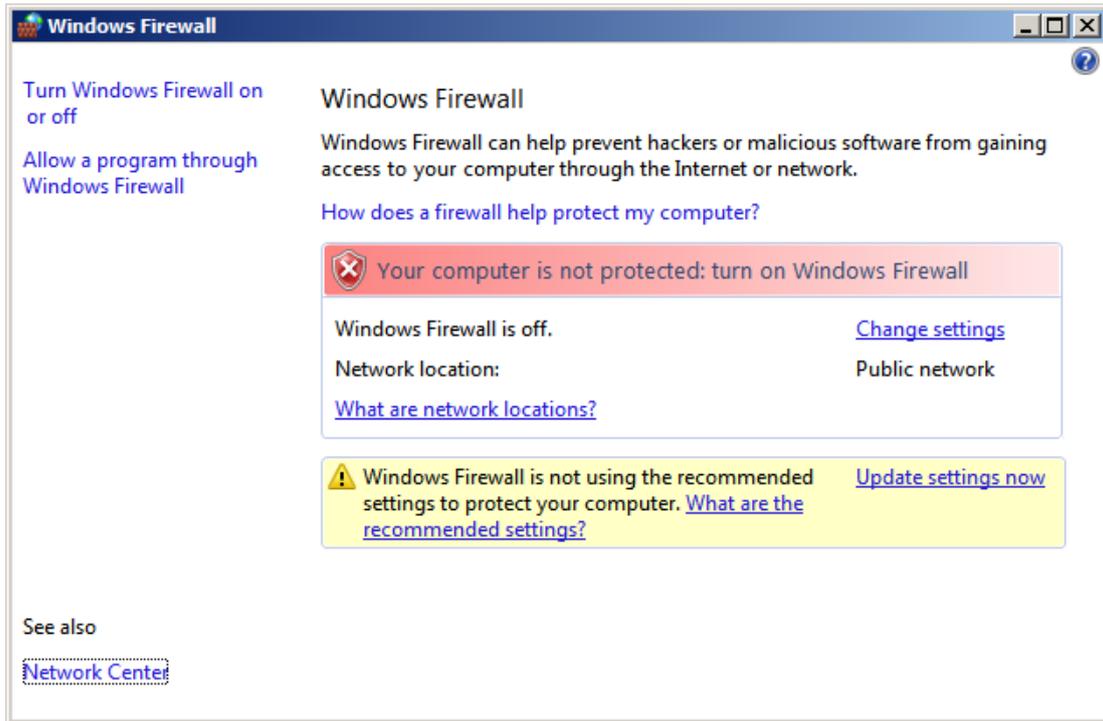
Note: This server application does not provide an LDS, but may be configured to register with one.

Firewall

The firewall drops incoming traffic that is not expected (called "unsolicited traffic") or traffic that does not correspond to the exceptions set within the firewall (called "excepted traffic"). Since OPC UA does not require callbacks, only the server computer needs to have the exception.

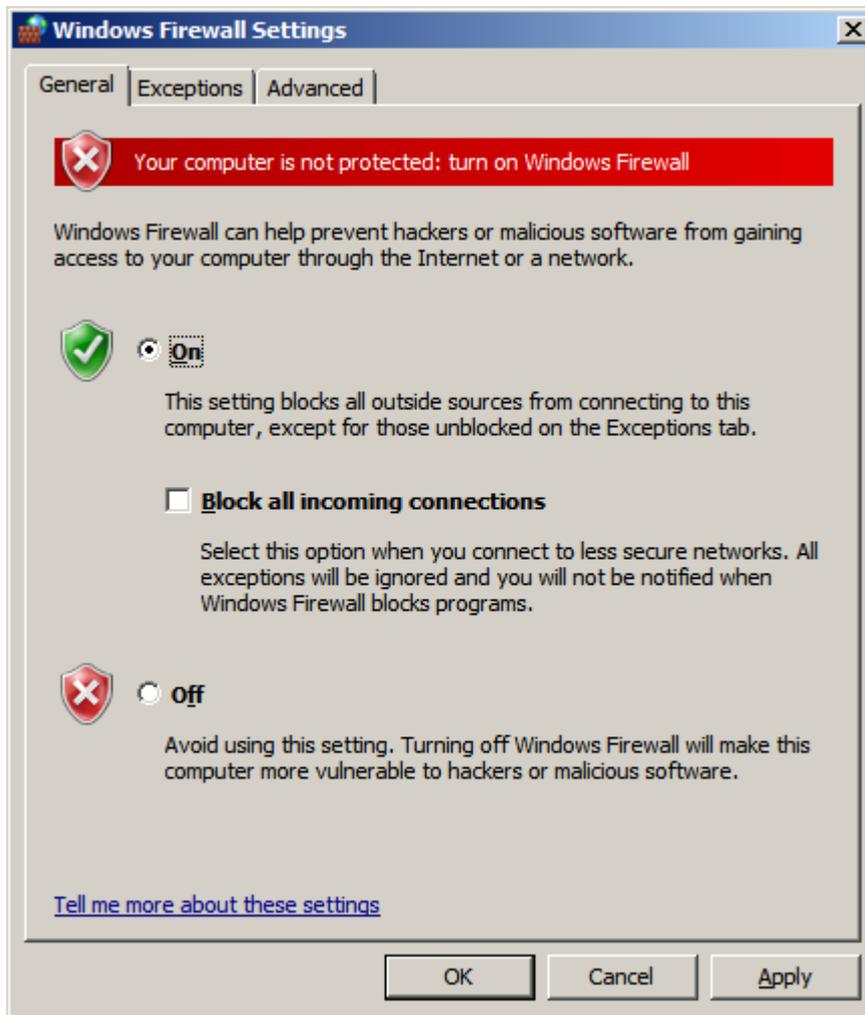
To add an exception, follow the instructions below on the server computer.

1. To start, launch the Windows Firewall by selecting **Start | Run**. Then, type **firewall.cpl**.



2. Since Windows Vista and Windows Server 2008 will not directly display the Settings dialog, click **Change Settings**.

- Next, click **General**.



- Verify that the firewall is enabled by clicking **On**. Then, select the **Exceptions** tab.
- Click **Add Port** and then enter the UA endpoint in the **Name** field. Enter the port number that is assigned to the endpoint in the **Port Number** field.
- Verify that the correct protocol is selected. The default setting is TCP.
- Next, click **OK**.
- If multiple endpoints have been assigned to the server, add them now. When finished, click **OK** to exit.

Setting Up the Client

OPC UA Client Driver Channel

The Channel Wizard is used to locate and identify the OPC UA server, configure session timeouts and provide user information when applicable. For information on adding a UA Client channel, follow the instructions below.

- To start, launch the Configuration by right-clicking on the **Administration** icon in the System Tray. Then, select **Configuration**.
- Next, select **Edit | Devices | New Channel**.

3. In **Identification**, type a name for the OPC UA client channel and then click **Next**.
4. In **Device Driver**, select **OPC UA Client** and then click **Next**.
5. Keep the default settings in **Write Optimization** by clicking **Next**.
6. In **UA Server**, manually enter the server's endpoint URL into the **Endpoint URL** field. Alternatively, users can click the Browse icon and locate it on the computer.
7. Verify that the **Use Discovery URL** parameter is disabled.
8. In the **Discovery Port** parameter, enter the endpoint port number that was created on the server computer. The default port number should already be assigned and agree with the default endpoint.

Note: Port 4840 will always be scanned by the browser. Thus, if a discovery server is being used, it is not necessary to enter the correct port number in this field.

9. If the port number was changed, click **Refresh**.
10. Next, locate the server computer. Endpoints that are assigned to "localhost" will only be found under the **Local Machine** branch.
11. Expand the computer to display a list of available servers. Then, expand the servers and select the correct endpoint.
12. To continue to use this endpoint to discover UA servers, enable the **Use Discovery URL** in the **Discovery** parameter at the top of the dialog. This is a global change and will affect all other UA Client Drivers.
13. Next, click **OK**. The endpoint information will appear in the UA Server page. Click **Next**.
14. Keep the default settings in **UA Session** by clicking **Next**. These can be optimized later if desired.
15. Keep the username and password blank in **Authentication** by clicking **Next**. These may be changed as desired.
16. View the **Summary** and then click **Finish**.

OPC UA Client Device

The Device Wizard guides users in setting up a subscription, and also provides a way to browse and import items from the OPC UA Server. All the items in the device will update according to the settings provided. Multiple devices can be added to the same channel in order to allow for different update intervals and modes. For information on adding a UA Client device, follow the instructions below.

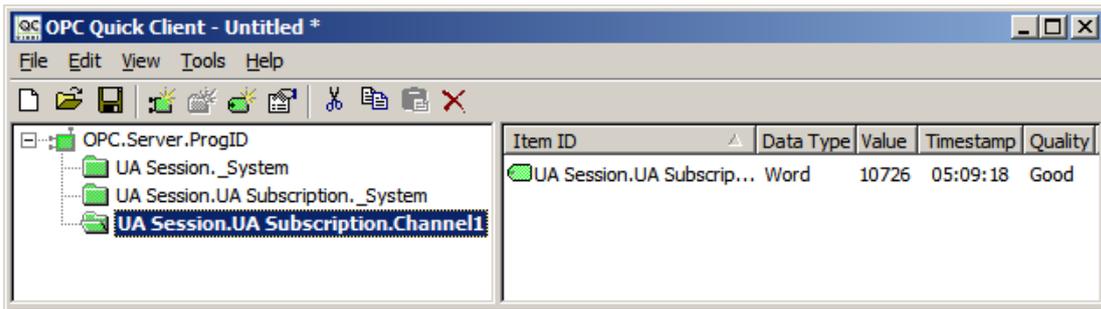
1. To start, select the new channel and then click **Edit | Devices | New Device**.
2. In **Name**, type a name for the OPC UA client device and then click **Next**.
3. Keep the default settings for **Subscription, Keep Alive, Priority and Timeout, Monitored Items and Deadband** by clicking **Next**. These can be optimized later if desired.
4. In **Import**, click **Select import items**. The server's available items should appear in the browsing window. If not, the security configuration may be incorrect. For more information, refer to [Troubleshooting Tips](#).
5. Select the desired items and then click **Add Items** or **Add Branch** to import them into the client. When all the items have been imported, click **OK** and then click **Next**.

6. View the **Summary** and then click **Finish**. The imported items will populate beneath the device, using the server's channel and device names as groups.

Verification

The items added in the OPC UA Client can now be browsed by an OPC DA client. For easy verification, follow the instructions below.

1. Select **Tools | Launch OPC Quick Client**. A connection will be established to the local OPC DA server and items will populate the view.



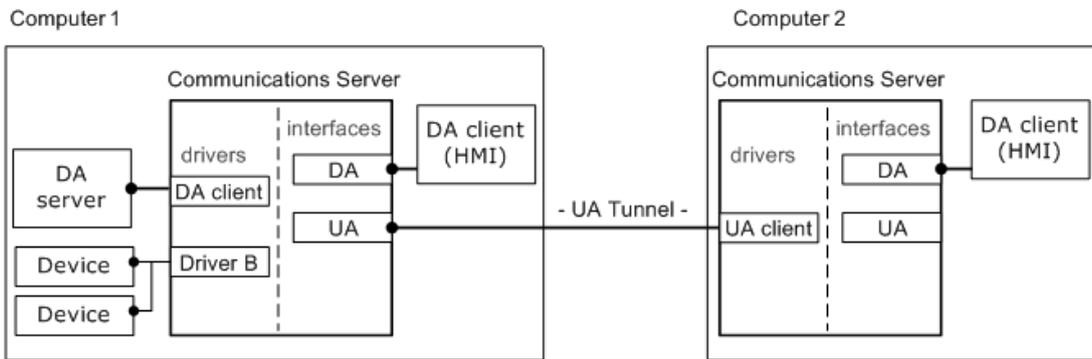
2. Browse for the items in the OPC UA channel. Then, verify that the data quality is good and that the values are updating.

Connection Examples

The OPC UA Tunnel is not a product in itself, but rather a remote connectivity solution created from existing available components. On the server side of the tunnel, the OPC UA server is an interface packaged beside OPC DA in the overall communications server product. On the client side of the tunnel, the OPC UA Client Driver is a driver plug-in that can be added along with other device channels. The OPC UA Configuration Manager is a tool that provides easy management of trusted certificates and UA server endpoints. The DA Client Driver is an additional driver plug-in that further enhances the UA Tunnel solution. Since the communications server is a "server," this driver provides connectivity to other OPC DA servers.

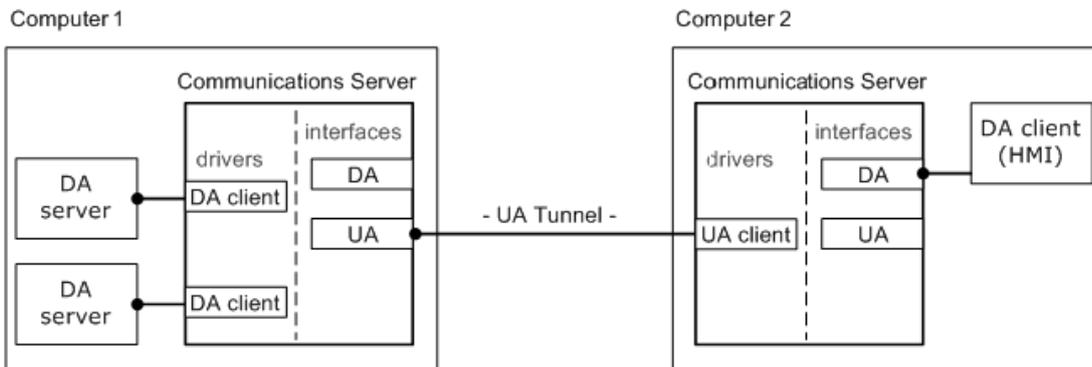
Providing Data from the Factory Floor to Remote Clients

The communications server provides data to local OPC DA clients as well as to remote OPC DA clients. The UA Tunnel solution provides the secure remote connection.



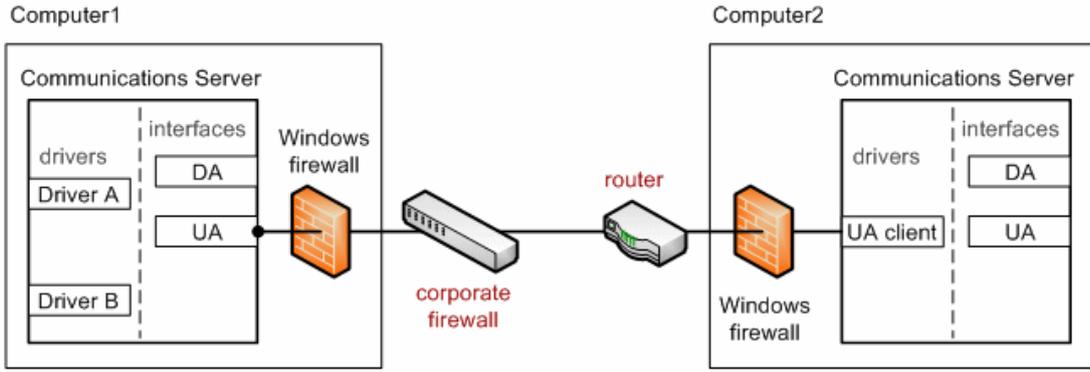
Serving Secure Aggregate Data from External DA Servers

The communications server uses the OPC DA Client Driver plug-in to connect to OPC DA servers. It then securely serves aggregate data to remote OPC DA clients.



Example Firewall and Routing Architecture

It is likely that users will need to allow a port exception (such as the UA server endpoint port) to the Windows firewall on Computer 1, in addition to opening a port in the corporate firewall. There should not be any changes required for the Windows firewall on Computer 2. The router on the client side of the connection, however, may require that a port be opened (or a port forwarding option be enabled).



Troubleshooting Tips

Click on the link for a description of the problem.

Troubleshooting Tips

[Unable to connect to the UA server when trying to import items in the Device Properties dialog](#)

[Unable to see the UA server when attempting to browse from the UA client](#)

[The target computer running the UA server is not shown in the network browse from the UA client](#)

[Unable to connect to the UA server via the correct Endpoint URL](#)

[Connection attempts to the UA server require Authentication \(Username and Password\)](#)

[Cannot ping a router that uses port forwarding to send requests to the UA server](#)

[No UA specific error messages are posted to the Event Log](#)

Unable to connect to the UA server when trying to import items in the Device Properties dialog

Possible Cause:

1. An incorrect security profile was selected.
2. Certificates are invalid or not present.

Solution:

1. If security is not required, select "None" as the security policy in the Channel Properties dialog.
2. Perform a certificate swap.

Unable to see the UA server when attempting to browse from the UA client

Possible Cause:

1. The endpoint port listed in the Discovery Port field is incorrect.
2. The endpoint is not enabled on the UA server.
3. The UA server interface is disabled in Project Properties.
4. The UA server and endpoint are enabled and correct; however, changes have not been saved to the server Runtime.

Solution:

1. Confirm the endpoint port defined in the UA server and enter the correct port in the Discovery Port field. Then, refresh the view.
2. Launch the OPC UA Configuration Manager on the UA server computer to verify that the endpoint is enabled.
3. Launch the server Configuration. In **File | Project Properties**, check the **UA** tab for the Server Interface settings. Enable should be set to "Yes."
4. Save the project from the Configuration, and click "Yes" when prompted to save the changes to the Runtime.

The target computer running the UA server is not shown in the network browse from the UA client

Possible Cause:

The target computer has not been added to the network domain. This may be Workgroup only.

Solution:

Confirm the Endpoint URL from the UA Configuration Manager on the UA server computer. Then, manually enter the Endpoint URL in the UA Client Driver channel.

Unable to connect to the UA server via the correct Endpoint URL

Possible Cause:

1. The corporate firewall on the client side of the connection may only allow connections through a single port (such as 8080).
2. The server side router/switch needs to be configured to forward incoming client requests to the UA server computer.
3. The Windows firewall is blocking the incoming request from the UA client.

Solution:

1. Open a port in the corporate firewall for the UA tunnel connection. Alternatively, reset the endpoint port on the UA server to match the port allowed in the corporate firewall.
2. Configure port forwarding in the router. The UA client's URL would then use the router's IP address with the port number used for the UA server endpoint (which is the port number used for port forwarding in the router).
3. Add an exception for the endpoint port to the Windows firewall.

Connection attempts to the UA server require authentication (Username and Password)

Possible Cause:

The UA server's Client Sessions parameter "Allow anonymous login" has been set to "No."

Solution:

Launch the server Configuration and then click **File | Project Properties**. Check the UA tab for the Client Session settings and confirm that "Allow anonymous login" is set to "Yes."

Note:

If Authentication is required, access the User Manager from the server Administration menu (located in the system tray) to set Username and Password.

Cannot ping a router that uses port forwarding to send requests to the UA server

Possible Cause:

The default setting in the router may be set not to respond to ping.

Solution:

Temporarily enable "Respond to Ping" in server side's router. After a successful ping response, disable this setting.

No UA specific error messages are posted to the Event Log

Possible Cause:

UA server diagnostics are not enabled.

Solution:

Launch the server Configuration and then click **File | Project Properties**. Review the UA tab for the Server Interface and confirm that "Log diagnostics" is set to "Yes."

Event Log Messages

The following messages may be generated by the OPC UA Configuration Manager. Click on the link for a description of the message.

Event Log Messages

[Add Trusted Client](#)

[Remove Trusted Client](#)

[Reject Trusted Client](#)

[Trust Trusted Client](#)

[Add Trusted Server](#)

[Remove Trusted Server](#)

[Reject Trusted Server](#)

[Trust Trusted Server](#)

[Add Endpoint](#)

[Enable an Endpoint](#)

[Disable an Endpoint](#)

[Remove Endpoint](#)

[Add Discovery Server](#)

[Remove Discovery Server](#)

[Reissue Client Certificate](#)

[Reissue Server Certificate](#)

Add Trusted Client

The UA Client certificate '<certificate name>' has been added to Trusted Clients. The UA Server will now accept connections from the client.

Remove Trusted Client

The UA Client certificate '<certificate name>' has been removed from Trusted Clients. The UA Server will not accept connections from the client.

Reject Trusted Client

The UA Client certificate '<certificate name>' has been rejected. The server will not accept connections from the client.

Trust Trusted Client

The UA Client certificate '<certificate name>' has been trusted. The server will accept connections from the client.

Add Trusted Server

The UA Server certificate '<certificate name>' has been added to Trusted Servers. The UA Client Driver can now connect to the server.

Remove Trusted Server

The UA Server certificate '<certificate name>' has been removed from Trusted Servers. The UA Client Driver cannot connect to the server.

Reject Trusted Server

The UA Server certificate '<certificate name>' has been rejected. The UA Client Driver cannot connect to the server.

Trust Trusted Server

The UA Server certificate '<certificate name>' has been trusted. The UA Client Driver can connect to the server.

Add Endpoint

The endpoint '<endpoint definition>' has been added to the UA Server.

Enable an Endpoint

The endpoint '<endpoint definition>' has been enabled.

Disable an Endpoint

The endpoint '<endpoint definition>' has been disabled.

Remove Endpoint

The endpoint '<endpoint definition>' has been removed from the UA Server.

Add Discovery Server

The discovery server '<certificate name>' has been added. The UA Server endpoints will now register with this discovery server.

Remove Discovery Server

The discovery server '<certificate name>' has been removed. The UA Server endpoints will no longer register with this discovery server.

Reissue Client Certificate

The UA Client Driver certificate has been reissued. UA servers will need to trust the new certificate in order for the client driver to connect.

Reissue Server Certificate

The UA Server certificate has been reissued. UA clients will need to trust the new certificate in order to connect.

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